

SAFETY DATA SHEET RT153F RESIN

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	RT153F RESIN	
1.2. Relevant identified use	s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	Resin.	
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of	of the safety data sheet	
Supplier	Resintech Ltd Unit 1-2 Horcott Industrial Eastate Fairford Gloucestershire UK Tel: +44 (0)1285 712755 Fax: +44 (0)1285 712999 info@resintech.co.uk	
1.4. Emergency telephone number		
Emergency telephone	+44 (0)1285 712755 (Monday-Friday 8am-4.30pm)	
SECTION 2: Hazards ident	fication	
SECTION 2: Hazards ident 2.1. Classification of the sul		
2.1. Classification of the sul Classification (EC 1272/200	ostance or mixture)8)	
2.1. Classification of the sul Classification (EC 1272/200 Physical hazards	0 stance or mixture 0 <u>8)</u> Not Classified	
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2.1. Classification of the sul Classification (EC 1272/200 Physical hazards	0 stance or mixture 0 <u>8)</u> Not Classified	
2.1. Classification of the sul Classification (EC 1272/200 Physical hazards Health hazards	ostance or mixture <u>8)</u> Not Classified Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317	
2.1. Classification of the sul Classification (EC 1272/200 Physical hazards Health hazards Environmental hazards 2.2. Label elements Hazard pictograms	ostance or mixture <u>8)</u> Not Classified Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317	

Precautionary statements	 P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Supplemental label information	EUH205 Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction. EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.
Contains	bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane, 1,4 CYCLOHEXANEDIMETHANOL DIGLYCIDYL ETHER
Supplementary precautionary statements	 P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label). P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P391 Collect spillage.

2.3. Other hazards

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This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
3.2. Mixtures		
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]p	ropane	70-100%
CAS number: 1675-54-3	EC number: 216-823-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119456619-26-XXXX
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		
1,4 CYCLOHEXANEDIMETHAN	OL DIGLYCIDYL ETHER	30-50%
CAS number: 14228-73-0	EC number: 238-098-4	
Classification		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		
The full text for all hazard stateme	nts is displayed in Section 16.	
SECTION 4: First aid measures		

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel and where possible). Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel and way. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing, indificult, properly trained personnel may sasist affected person the advice to react the medical personnel may assist affected person treathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may sasist affected person treathing can take place. Ingestion Rinse mouth throroughly with water. Remove any demuters. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Step if the affected person tesls sick as vonting may be dangerous. Do not induce vonting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vonting occurs, the head solico contrabile for breathing. Head water on recognised skin cleansing agent. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Remove contaminated clothing. In the event of any sensilisation symptoms developing, ensure untree contaminated clothing. In the event of any sensilisation symptoms are severe or persist after washing. Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. 4.1. Most important symptoms Water discussion on allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness. Instaltion of symptoms are severe or persist after washing. Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. 4.2.		
keep warm and air est in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.IngestionRinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water induce vorniting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vorniting occurs, the head should be kept tows of that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position confortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or bolt.Skin contactRemove contaminated clothing. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.Eye contactRemove any contact lenses and open egilds wide apart. Rinse immediately with plent) of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.Protection of first aidersFirst aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.41. Most important symptoms adescribed will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.IngestionMay cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.RegularizationRest symptoma sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.Kin contactNey cause s	General information	
or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept lows of that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Neve affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or beit. Skin contact Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Remove contaminated clothing, in the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing. Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing. Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing. Eye contact Remove any contact and delayed General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Inbalation May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.	Inhalation	keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on
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products Harmful gases or vapours. Phenolics. Oxides of carbon.	Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
	5.3. Advice for firefighters	

Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautionsNo action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep
unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as
described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling
described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure
procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not
touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Immiscible with water. Avoid release to the environment. Absorb spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material. Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Persons susceptible to allergic reactions should not handle this product. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storag	e, including any incompatibilities	
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.	
	Product may crystlise or seperate if exposed to cold temperatures for extended periods of time. If this occurs, the product should be warmed to 38-60°C for one hour. If the product is in a bulk form stir until clear.	
Storage class	Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.	
SECTION 8: Exposure control	s/Personal protection	
8.1. Control parameters	· · · ·	
Occupational exposure limits		
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)pheny	yl]propane	
No exposure limits known for i	ingredient(s).	
1,4 CYCLOHEXANEDIMETH	ANOL DIGLYCIDYL ETHER	
No exposure limits known for i	ingredient(s).	
	bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane (CAS: 1675-54-3)	
DNEL	General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.75 mg/kg, bw/day General population - Dermal; Long term, Short term systemic effects: 3.571 mg/kg, bw/day Workers - Dermal; Short term, Long term systemic effects: 8.33 mg/kg, bw/day Workers - Inhalation; Short term, Long term systemic effects: 12.25 mg/m ³	
PNEC	Fresh water; 0.006 mg/l marine water; 0.0006 mg/l Intermittent release; 0.018 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 0.996 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 0.0996 mg/kg Soil; 0.196 mg/kg STP; 10 mg/l	
8.2. Exposure controls		
Protective equipment		

Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Gloves made from the following material may provide suitable chemical protection: Butyl rubber. Nitrile rubber. Neoprene. Rubber (natural, latex). Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN1438. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Colourless to pale yellow.
Odour	Mild.
Initial boiling point and range	>150°C
Flash point	> 100°C Closed cup.
Relative density	≥ 1.13 @ 20°C
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water.
9.2. Other information	
Other information	No information required.

RT153F RESIN

SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity	
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Strong alkalis. Oxidising materials. Strong acids. Amines.	
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	on products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours. Phenolics. Oxides of carbon.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
11.1. Information on toxicologi	ical effects	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Notes (oral LD∞)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	714.29	
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
$\frac{\text{Acute toxicity - inhalation}}{\text{Notes (inhalation LC}_{50})}$	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data	Irritating.	
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Respiratory sensitisation		
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.	
Skin sensitisation	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation Germ cell mutagenicity		

Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
Ingestion	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause discomfort.
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness. Irritating to skin.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	No specific target organs known.
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies.
Toxicological information on in	aradianta

Toxicological information on ingredients.

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

Acute toxicity - ora	<u>l</u>
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	>1,500 mg/kg, Oral, Mouse
ATE oral (mg/kg)	500.0
Acute toxicity - der	mal
Notes (dermal LD₅	b) 23032 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit
	1,4 CYCLOHEXANEDIMETHANOL DIGLYCIDYL ETHER
Acute toxicity - ora	<u>l</u>
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	2500 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit
SECTION 12: Ecological information	ation
	The product contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
12.1. Toxicity	
Toxicity	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Acute aquatic toxicity	

Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 2 mg/l, Fish Estimated value.
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	LC₅₀, 48 hours: 1.8 mg/l, Daphnia magna Estimated value.
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	LC₅₀, 72 hours: 11 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus Estimated value.

Ecological information on ingredients.

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

	Acute aquatic toxicity				
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 2 mg/l, Fish			
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 1.8 mg/l, Daphnia magna			
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 72 hours: 11 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus			
	Acute toxicity - microorganisms	IC₅₀, 3 hours: >100 mg/l, Activated sludge			
	Chronic aquatic toxicity				
	Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	NOEC, 21 days: 0.3 mg/l, Daphnia magna			
		1,4 CYCLOHEXANEDIMETHANOL DIGLYCIDYL ETHER			
	Toxicity	The product contains a substance which is harmful to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.			
	Acute aquatic toxicity				
	Summary	Data lacking.			
12.2. Persis	tence and degradability				
Persistence	and degradability Not rea	dily biodegradable.			
Ecological i	Ecological information on ingredients.				
		bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane			
	Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable.			
	Stability (hydrolysis)	pH4 - DT₅₀ : 4.83 days @ 25°C			
		pH7 - DT₅₀ : 3.58 days @ 25°C			
		pH9 - DT₅₀ : 7.1 days @ 25°C			
		1,4 CYCLOHEXANEDIMETHANOL DIGLYCIDYL ETHER			
	Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.			
12.3. Bioac	cumulative potential				

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Ecological information on ingredients.

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

	Bioaccumulative pot	tential	The product is not bioaccumulating.
	Partition coefficient		log Pow: 3.242 (25°C)
			1,4 CYCLOHEXANEDIMETHANOL DIGLYCIDYL ETHER
	Bioaccumulative pot	tential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
12.4. Mobili			
Mobility		he pro	duct is insoluble in water. The product is non-volatile.
-	nformation on ingredie		
			bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane
	Adsorption/desorptio	on	- Koc: 445 @ 20°C
			1,4 CYCLOHEXANEDIMETHANOL DIGLYCIDYL ETHER
	Mobility		The product is insoluble in water.
12.5. Resul	ts of PBT and vPvB as	ssessn	nent
Results of Fassessmen		his pro	duct does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
Ecological i	nformation on ingredie	ents.	
			bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane
	Results of PBT and assessment	vPvB	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
			1,4 CYCLOHEXANEDIMETHANOL DIGLYCIDYL ETHER
	Results of PBT and assessment	vPvB	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
12.6. Other	adverse effects		
Other adver	rse effects N	lone kn	iown.
SECTION 1	3: Disposal considera	ations	
13.1. Waste	e treatment methods		
General info	p	roducts	eration of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle s wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe sposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times with the manipumentation of an interpretation and here to dispose here to be a solution of the

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	3082
UN No. (IMDG)	3082
UN No. (ICAO)	3082
UN No. (ADN)	3082
14.2. UN proper shipping name	9
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane)
Proper shipping name (ADN)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane)
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	<u>s)</u>
ADR/RID class	9
ADR/RID classification code	M6
ADR/RID label	9
IMDG class	9
ICAO class/division	9
ADN class	9
Transport labels	

14.4. Packing groupADR/RID packing groupIMDG packing groupICAO packing group

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ADN packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

EmSF-A, S-FADR transport category3

Emergency Action Code •3Z

Hazard Identification Number 90 (ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture				
National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.			
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).			

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315: Eye Irrit. 2 - H319: Skin Sens. 1 - H317: : Expert judgement. Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411: : Expert judgement.
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision date	01/06/2020
Revision	5
Supersedes date	21/03/2018
SDS number	4730
Hazard statements in full	 H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.